# **AUSTRALIAN CURRICULUM V9**



# 2024 Edition

Sample Teacher Notes & Worked Solutions



# **Chapter 8**

**Big Ideas** 

# Big ideas and essential understanding

### **Big idea**

Algebraic expressions serve as the fundamental units of algebra, enabling the representation and analysis of real-world scenarios.

• (8.01) Variables are used to represent unknown values in algebra, allowing them to write and simplify expressions, and solve problems involving unknown quantities.

• (8.02) Algebraic expressions are combinations of variables, coefficients, and constant terms representing unknown numbers, which can be manipulated through basic operations to solve mathematical problems.

• (8.03) Evaluating algebraic expressions using substitution involves replacing the variable with a number and simplifying the answer.

• (8.04) Combining terms with the same variables and powers, known as like terms, is a basic algebra skill that aids in simplifying expressions and preparing for more advanced math problems.



# 8.04 Collect like terms

Teacher Notes

## Lesson narrative

In this lesson, students will explore the concept of like terms in algebraic expressions and learn how to combine like terms using addition and subtraction. They will understand that two algebraic terms are called like terms if they have the same variables with the same powers, regardless of the order the variables are in. Students will practice identifying like terms and learn the process of collecting like terms to simplify expressions.

Through various examples and worked solutions, students will gain confidence in simplifying expressions containing both positive and negative terms. They will also learn the importance of keeping the negative or positive sign on the left of the term with the term. By the end of the lesson, students will be able to effectively combine like terms to simplify algebraic expressions.

## Learning objectives

#### Students will be able to:

- identify like terms.
- combine like terms using addition and subtraction in order to simplify expressions.

#### Key vocabulary

like terms collecting like terms

#### **Essential understanding**

Combining terms with the same variables and powers, known as like terms, is a basic algebra skill that aids in simplifying expressions and preparing for more advanced math problems.

#### Standards

This subtopic addresses the following Australian Curriculum standards.

**Content standards** 

### AC9M7A02

formulate algebraic expressions using constants, variables, operations and brackets

# **Teacher introduction**

# **Suggested review**

Depending on your students' level of prior knowledge, consider revisiting the following lessons:

7: 8.02 Build algebraic expressions.

## **Tools**

You may find these tools helpful:

• Algebra tiles

## **Lesson supports**

The following supports may be useful for this lesson. More specific supports may appear throughout the lesson:

 Combine like terms Targeted instructional strategies
 Literacy exercise: stronger and clearer each time English language learner support
 Literacy exercise: stronger and clearer each time English language learner support
 Simplified instructions and key vocabulary reinforcement Student with disabilities support
 Terms with the same variables Address student misconceptions

# Ideas

Like terms

**Combine like terms** 

# Like terms

This section discusses like terms in algebra, which are terms that have the same variables and the same powers, regardless of the order of the variables. It provides examples of like terms and demonstrates how to determine whether or not two terms are like terms.

# **Combine like terms**

This section focuses on combining like terms in algebraic expressions using addition or subtraction to simplify the expressions.



# 8.04 Collect like terms

Lesson

# Introduction

This lesson on adding and subtracting like terms continues from **7: 8.02 Build algebraic expressions**.

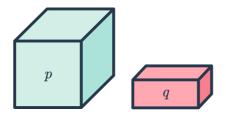
# **Ideas**

Like terms

**Combine like terms** 

# Like terms

Algebraic terms are called **like terms** if they have exactly the same variables with the same powers. It doesn't matter what order the variables are in.



 $p \; \mathrm{and} \; q \; \mathrm{are \; not \; like \; terms}$ 

5a and 3a are like terms.

-2b and 4c are not like terms.

8ab and -2ba are like terms.

## Examples

Example 1

Are the following like terms: 9y and 10y?

## Apply the idea

9y and 10y are like terms, because they have the same representation of variables.

#### Example 2

Are 9uv and 5vu like terms?

A Yes B No

#### Apply the idea

Because  $u \times v$  is always the same as  $v \times u$  we can combine terms that have the same variables multiplied by each other, even if the order in which they appear is different.

They have the same representation of variables.

So the answer is option A: Yes

## Idea summary

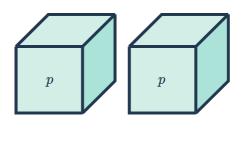
Two algebraic terms are called **like terms** if they have exactly the same variables and the variables have the same power.

It doesn't matter what order the variables are in.

# **Combine like terms**

Like terms can be combined using addition or subtraction to simplify an expression.

For example:



p + p = 2p

This is called **collecting like terms**.

To simplify the expression 2p + 3p we could write out all the *p*'s:

$$2p + 3p = (p + p) + (p + p + p)$$
  
 $= p + p + p + p + p$   
 $= 5p$ 

But it's much quicker to just do:

$$2p + 3p = 5p$$

To simplify 2a + 3b + 4a we can combine the like terms of 2a and +4a.

$$2a + 3b + 4a = 6a + 3b$$

To simplify 4x + 3y - 3x we combine the *x*'s by doing 4x - 3x because there is a negative sign on the left of the 3x. It's important that the negative or positive sign on the left of any term remains with it.

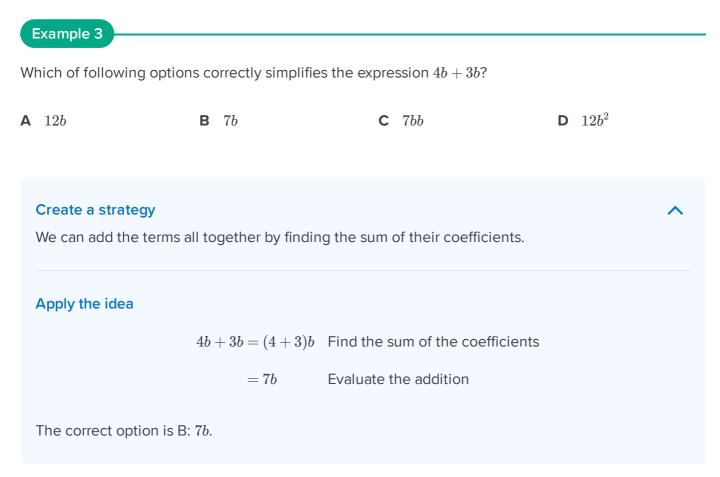
$$4x + 3y - 3x = x + 3y$$

To simplify 9xy + 4b - 5xy + 2b we have two pairs of like terms.

We can combine 9xy and -5xy and also 4b and +2b.

9xy + 4b - 5xy + 2b = 4xy + 6b

## **Examples**



Example 4

Simplify the expression: 8x + 6y - 2y - 4x

#### Create a strategy

To simplify an expression collect all the like terms and subtract.

#### Apply the idea

8x + 6y - 2y - 4x = (8x - 4x) + (6y - 2y) Collect like terms

=4x+4y

Evaluate the subtraction

Example 5

Simplify the expression:  $35x \div 5$ 

#### Create a strategy

Divide the coefficient of the variable x by the second number.

#### Apply the idea

 $35x \div 5 = \frac{35}{5}x$  Divide the coefficient of x by 5

=7x Evaluate the division

#### **Idea summary**

Like terms can be combined using addition or subtraction to simplify an expression.

It's important that the negative or positive sign on the left of the term stays with the term.



# 8.04 Collect like terms

Worksheet

# Understanding

1 Use the words "same" or "different" to complete:

Like terms have the []] variables raised to the []] power.

2 Describe the following pairs as like terms or unlike terms:

а	7y and $6y$	b	$2 \; {\rm and} \; -4$
С	-13uv and $17vu$	d	10z and $10b$
е	8y and $5y$	f	5ab and $-3cb$
g	12mn and $18nm$	h	11 pr and $22 rp$

°2, Example 1, 2

**3** Write down any pairs of like terms in the following expressions:

а	10m+2+8m+3	b	9s-r-6s+1
С	k+7j-5+4k	d	10y+4+5x+3-y
е	9 + 9a - 7b + 20 - 11a - 15b	f	2a-3b+9-10c
g	11mn-15op-8mn+22	h	21 - 17ab - 3cd - 5ab + 7cd

# Fluency

4	Are the following expressions equal to $11y$ ?					
	a $5y+6y$	b $6y-5y$	С	9+y+10y-9	d	10y + 1
5	Are the following exp	ressions equal to $8r+9$	?			
	a $9+8r$	<b>b</b> 17 <i>r</i>	С	9r + 8 - r + 1	d	10r + 2 - 2r + 7
6	Are the following exp	ressions equal to $9rt+8$	8?			
	a $5r + 4t + 8$	<b>b</b> $8 + 4rt + 5rt$	С	9r+8t	d	17rt
7	For each of the follow	ing expressions:				
	i Name any pairs of	like terms.	ii	Simplify the expre	ssic	on.
	a $5u + 7 + 8u + 8$		b	7u+2v-7u		
	c $4x - 6 + 5x$		d	12 + 6x + 7y - 8		

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- **a** 2a + 5a
- **c** 7+6a
- e 15b 7b + 10 + 1
- **g** 9+7m-2p+3q
- 12y 3y + 1i
- k 15x 6x 2x
- m -3n + 6n + 3n
- **o** 4xy + 10xy 9xy

2, Example 3

- 9 Simplify:
  - a 7m + 8n + 3m + 2nc 9xy + 20 + 12yx - 3e 8x + 9y - 5x + 10y**q** 8x + 6y - 2y - 4x + 2 + 3i 8x + 10 - 7y - 6z + 10z + 3
  - **k** 2ab 7c + ab + 9c
  - m 18x 9y + 7x + 11y + 11
  - o 13m + 2n 8m + 10n

<sup>2</sup> Example 4

d 4x + 7x - 5f 9+7m-2+3mh 10x + 12 + 6x - 7

**b** 2b + 3b

- 3c+4c+7c
- 19b 12b 6b
- n 8x 3x + 7x
- **p** 10ab + 3ab 8ba
- **b** 11m + 8n + 14m**d** 6p + 8q - 6pf 7a + 11a + 9b - bh 10m + 7 + 9n + 5m + 10ni 19a + 8b - 4c - 8a + b $1 \quad 12j + 7 + 9k - 7k + 11j - 2$ n 11y - 6z + y + 6z + 12 - 10p -3s + 6t + 9s - 4t

#### 10 Simplify:

a x+x+x+x b 2n+n+ne  $y \times 2$ f  $9 \times l$ i  $18z \div 3$  $36a \div 6$ 

С	3m+2m+m	d	4k+k+3k
g	15 imes h	h	21 imes x
k	$\frac{16b}{4}$	I.	$\frac{40c}{5}$

2 Example 5

## **11** Simplify:

- c 20 + 9x 4y + 6y + 7x + 21
- e 11s + 6t + 3st 2ts + t + 10 4s 5
- a 5x 2y + 8x + 4 + 6z + 3y + 4z + 2b 2xy + 5yz + 4xz + 8xy + 2xz 3yz + 3
  - d 9mn 8m 7n + 7n + 10m + 2nm
  - f 13ab 8bc + 6ba 9b + 11cb

# Reasoning

- 12 Why do you think we write y and not 1y when using algebra?
- **13** Are the following like terms: 5abc and -9acb? Explain your answer.
- 14 Substitute the values x = 5, x = 100 and x = 0.5 and show that 6x + 2x x is equal to 7x.

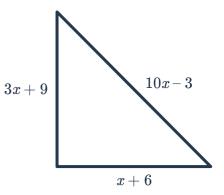
#### 15 a Simplify the following: i 5x + 5x + 5xii 4p + 4p + 4p + 4p + 4piii -3c - 3c - 3c - 3civ 0.5k + 0.5k + 0.5k

**b** Review your results for part (a) and explain how the answer to  $7 \times 5m$  can be calculated.

# **Problem-solving**

- **16** Complete the following statements:
  - a 2x + [] = 8x
  - c 7x 5x + 10 []] = 2x + 1
  - e 7x + []] + 10y []] = 11x + 6y f 8ab + []] + 9b + 6ab = []] + 11b
- 17 Consider the triangle shown.
  - a Write an expression for the perimeter of the triangle in terms of x.
  - **b** Simplify the expression.

- **b** 3y+3+5=8y+8
- **d** 9x + 4y + []] = 9x + 6y



**18** Each side of a square is 3a metres in length. Calculate the distance around the outside of the square.

- **19** A library has a courtyard in the shape of an equilateral triangle with sides of length 5y metres. Calculate the distance around the outside of the courtyard.
- **20** Sam and Max each exercise for x minutes per day. Sam burns 8 calories per minute and Max burns 10 calories per minute.
  - a Write an expression for the number of calories Sam burns in one day.
  - **b** Write an expression for the number of calories Max burns in one day.
  - c Write a simplified expression for the total number of calories Sam and Max burn in one day.
- **21** Ali, Ben and Mohammed each work for h hours per day. Ali earns \$15 per hour, Ben earns \$20 per hour and Mohammed earns \$35 per hour.
  - a Write an expression for the amount Ali earns in one day.
  - **b** Write an expression for the amount Ben earns in one day.
  - c Write an expression for the amount Mohammed earns in one day.
  - d Write a simplified expression for the total amount the three employees earn in one day.
  - e If they work 8 hours in one day, how much do they earn altogether?
- **22** Sarah and Emily each read n pages per day. Sarah reads 15 pages per hour and Emily reads 20 pages per hour.
  - a Write an expression for the number of hours Sarah spends reading in one day.
  - **b** Write an expression for the number of hours Emily spends reading in one day.
  - **c** Write a simplified expression for the total number of hours Sarah and Emily spend reading in one day.
  - d If they read a total of 120 pages, how many hours did they spend reading altogether?



# 8.04 Collect like terms

Worked Solutions

# Understanding

1 Like terms have the same variables raised to the same power because they can be combined through addition or subtraction due to their similar structure. In other words, like terms have the same variable part, which allows them to be added or subtracted. For example, 3x and 5x are like terms because they both have the variable x raised to the power of 1.

### 2

- **a** Like terms, because both terms have the same variable *y*.
- **b** Like terms, because both terms are constants without any variables.
- **c** Like terms, because both terms have the same variables u and v.
- **d** Unlike terms, because the terms have different variables *z* and *b*.
- e Like terms, because both terms have the same variable y.
- **f** Unlike terms, because the terms have different variables *a* and *c*.
- g Like terms, because both terms have the same variables m and n.
- **h** Like terms, because both terms have the same variables p and r.

### °2, Example 1, 2

#### 3

- a Like terms in the expression 10m + 2 + 8m + 3 are 10m and 8m, because they both have the same variable m. The constants 2 and 3 are also like terms because they are both constants without any variables.
- **b** Like terms in the expression 9s r 6s + 1 are 9s and -6s, because they both have the same variable s.
- c Like terms in the expression k + 7j 5 + 4k are k and 4k, because they both have the same variable k. The constants 7j and -5 are not like terms because they have different variables or no variables.
- d Like terms in the expression 10y + 4 + 5x + 3 y are 10y and -y, because they both have the same variable y. The constants 4 and 3 are also like terms because they are both constants without any variables.
- e Like terms in the expression 9 + 9a 7b + 20 11a 15b are 9a and -11a, because they both have the same variable a. The terms -7b and -15b are also like terms because they both have the same variable b. The constants 9 and 20 are like terms because they are both constants without any variables.
- f The expression 2a 3b + 9 10c does not contain any like terms, because all the terms have different variables or no variables.
- g Like terms in the expression 11mn 15op 8mn + 22 are 11mn and -8mn, because they both have the same variables mn.
- h Like terms in the expression 21 17ab 3cd 5ab + 7cd are -17ab and -5ab, because they both have the same variables ab. The terms -3cd and 7cd are also like terms because they both have the same variables cd.

# Fluency

4 a

### 5y + 6y = 11y Combine the like terms

Yes, because 5y + 6y is equal to 11y when you combine the like terms.

b

6y - 5y = y Subtract the like terms

No, because 6y - 5y is equal to y, which is not equal to 11y.

С

9 + y + 10y - 9 = 11y Combine the like terms and eliminate the constants

Yes, because 9 + y + 10y - 9 simplifies to 11y when you combine the like terms and eliminate the constants.

**d** No, because 10y + 1 is not equal to 11y as there is an additional constant term.

5

- **a** Yes, because 9 + 8r is equal to 8r + 9 when you rearrange the terms.
- **b** No, because 17r is not equal to 8r + 9 as there is no constant term.
- С

9r + 8 - r + 1 = 8r + 9 Combine the like terms and constants

Yes, because 9r + 8 - r + 1 simplifies to 8r + 9 when you combine the like terms and constants.

d

10r + 2 - 2r + 7 = 8r + 9 Combine the like terms and constants

Yes, because 10r + 2 - 2r + 7 simplifies to 8r + 9 when you combine the like terms and constants.

6 a No, because 5r + 4t + 8 is not equal to 9rt + 8 as the terms are not like terms.

b

8 + 4rt + 5rt = 9rt + 8 Combine the like terms and constants

Yes, because 8 + 4rt + 5rt simplifies to 9rt + 8 when you combine the like terms and constants.

- **c** No, because 9r + 8t is not equal to 9rt + 8 as the terms are not like terms.
- **d** No, because 17rt is not equal to 9rt + 8 as there is no constant term.

7  
a  
i 
$$5u$$
 and  $8u$ , 7 and 8  
ii  
 $5u + 7 + 8u + 8 = (5u + 8u) + (7 + 8)$  Combine like terms  
 $= 13u + 15$  Evaluate the addition  
b  
i  $7u$  and  $-7u$   
ii  
 $7u + 2v - 7u = (7 - 7)u + 2v$  Combine coefficients of like terms  
 $= 2v$  Evaluate the subtraction  
c  
i  $4x$  and  $5x$   
ii  
 $4x - 6 + 5x = (4x + 5x) - 6$  Combine like terms  
 $= 9x - 6$  Evaluate the addition  
d  
i  $12$  and  $-8$   
ii  
 $12 + 6x + 7y - 8 = 6x + 7y + (12 - 8)$  Combine like terms  
 $= 6x + 7y + 4$  Subtract the constants

8 Simplify the following where possible:

а	2a + 5a = (2 + 5)a Combine coefficients of like terms = $7a$ Evaluate the addition
b	2b+3b=(2+3)b Combine coefficients of like terms $=5b$ Evaluate the addition
С	7+6a=7+6a No like terms to combine
d	4x + 7x - 5 = (4 + 7)x - 5 Combine coefficients of like terms = $11x - 5$ Evaluate the addition
е	15b-7b+10+1=(15-7)b+(10+1) Combine coefficients of like terms and constants
	= 8b + 11 Evaluate
f	9+7m-2+3m=(9-2)+(7+3)m Combine constants and coefficients of like terms
	=10m+7 Evaluate
g	9+7m-2p+3q=9+7m-2p+3q No like terms to combine
h	10x+12+6x-7=(10+6)x+(12-7) Combine coefficients of like terms and constants
	=16x+5 Evaluate

i	12y - 3y + 1 = (12 - 3)y + 1 Combine coefficients of like terms
	=9y+1 Evaluate the subtraction
j	3c+4c+7c=(3+4+7)c Combine coefficients of like terms $=14c$ Evaluate the addition
k	15x-6x-2x=(15-6-2)x Combine coefficients of like terms
	=7x Evaluate the subtraction
I	19b - 12b - 6b = (19 - 12 - 6)b Combine coefficients of like terms = b Evaluate the subtraction
m	-3n+6n+3n=(-3+6+3)n Combine coefficients of like terms $=6n$ Evaluate the addition
n	8x - 3x + 7x = (8 - 3 + 7)x Combine coefficients of like terms $= 12x$ Evaluate
0	4xy + 10xy - 9xy = (4 + 10 - 9)xy Combine coefficients of like terms = $5xy$ Evaluate
p	10ab + 3ab - 8ba = (10 + 3 - 8)ab Combine coefficients of like terms $= 5ab$ Evaluate



# **9** Simplify:

а	7m+8n+3m+2n=(7+3)m+(8+2)n Combine coefficients of like terms $=10m+10n$ Evaluate the addition
b	11m+8n+14m=(11+14)m+8n Combine coefficients of like terms $=25m+8n$ Evaluate the addition
с	9xy+20+12yx-3=(9+12)xy+(20-3) Combine coefficients of like terms and constants
d	=21xy+17 Evaluate
u	6p+8q-6p=(6-6)p+8q Combine coefficients of like terms $=8q$ Evaluate the subtraction
e	8x+9y-5x+10y=(8-5)x+(9+10)y Combine coefficients of like terms $=3x+19y$ Evaluate
f	7a+11a+9b-b=(7+11)a+(9-1)b Combine coefficients of like terms $=18a+8b$ Evaluate
g	8x+6y-2y-4x+2+3=(8-4)x+(6-2)y+(2+3) Combine coefficients of like terms and constants
	=4x+4y+5 Evaluate
h	10m + 7 + 9n + 5m + 10n = (10 + 5)m + (9 + 10)n + 7 Combine coefficients of like terms and constants
	=15m+19n+7 Evaluate the addition

i	8x + 10 - 7y - 6z + 10z + 3 = 8x - 7y + (10 - 6)z + (10 + 3)	Combine coefficients of like terms and constants
	=8x-7y+4z+13	Evaluate
j	19a + 8b - 4c - 8a + b = (19 - 8)a + (8 + 1)b - 4c Combine terms	coefficients of like
	= 11a + 9b - 4c Evaluate	
k	2ab-7c+ab+9c=(2+1)ab+(-7+9)c Combine coef	ficients of like terms
	= 3ab + 2c Evaluate the a	ddition
I.	12j + 7 + 9k - 7k + 11j - 2 = (12 + 11)j + (9 - 7)k + (7 - 2)	Combine
		coefficients of like terms and constants
	=23j+2k+5	Evaluate
m		mbine coefficients of terms and constants
	=25x+2y+11 Eva	luate
n		
	11y - 6z + y + 6z + 12 - 10 = (11 + 1)y + (-6 + 6)z + (12 - 1)	10) Combine coefficients of like terms and constants
	=12y+2	Evaluate
ο	13m + 2n - 8m + 10n = (13 - 8)m + (2 + 10)n Combine co	efficients of like terms
	= 5m + 12n Evaluate	

=5m+12n Evaluate

Ρ	-3s + 6t + 9s - 4t = (-3)	(+9)s + (6-4)t	Combine coefficients of like terms
	= 6s –	– $2t$	Evaluate
<b>ି</b> କ୍କ Ex	kample 4		
10 Simpl	ify:		
а	$r \perp r \perp r \perp r \perp r$	$-(1 \pm 1 \pm 1 \pm 1)$	) $x$ Add the coefficients
		= 4x	
		=4x	Evaluate the addition
b			
	2n + n + n		Add the coefficients
		=4n	Evaluate the addition
с			
	3m+2m+r	n = (3+2+1)n	a Add the coefficients
		= 6m	Evaluate the addition
d			
u	4k+k+3k	c = (4 + 1 + 3)k	Add the coefficients
		= 8k	Evaluate the addition
e	y imes 2=2y	Multiply the var	iable by the coefficient
f	9  imes l = 9l	Multiply the vari	able by the coefficient
g	15 imes h=15h	Multiply the va	ariable by the coefficient
h	21 imes x=21x	Multiply the va	ariable by the coefficient

р

i  

$$18z \div 3 = \frac{18}{3}z$$
Divide the coefficient of z by 3  

$$= 6z$$
Evaluate the division  
j  

$$36a \div 6 = \frac{36}{6}a$$
Divide the coefficient of a by 6  

$$= 6a$$
Evaluate the division  
k  

$$\frac{16b}{4} = \frac{16}{4}b$$
Divide the coefficient of b by 4  

$$= 4b$$
Evaluate the division  
l  

$$\frac{40c}{5} = \frac{40}{5}c$$
Divide the coefficient of c by 5  

$$= 8c$$
Evaluate the division  
2. Example 5  
11  
a  

$$5x - 2y + 8x + 4 + 6z + 3y + 4z + 2 = (5x + 8x) + (-2y + 3y) + (6z + 4z) + (4 + 2)$$
Group  
like  
terms  

$$= 13x + y + 10z + 6$$
Simplify  
the  
grouped  
terms

= 10xy + 2yz + 6xz + 3 Simplify

the grouped terms

С	20 + 9x - 4y + 6y + 7x + 21 = (9x + 7x) + (-4y + 6y) + (20 + 21)	Group like terms	
	=16x+2y+41	Simplify the grouped terms	
d	9mn - 8m - 7n + 7n + 10m + 2nm = (9mn + 2nm) + (-8m + 10m)		Group like terms
	=11mn+2m		Simplify the grouped terms
e	11s + 6t + 3st - 2ts + t + 10 - 4s - 5 = (11s - 4s) + (6t + t) + (3st + 10) + (6t + 10) + (3st	(-2ts) + (10 - 5)	) Group like terms
	=7s + 7t + st + 5		Simplify the grouped terms
f	13ab - 8bc + 6ba - 9b + 11cb = (13ab + 6ba) + (-8bc + 11cb) - 9b	Group like term	S
	=19ab+3bc-9b	Simplify the grouped terms	

# Reasoning

- 12 In the expression  $1 \times y$ , the coefficient of y is 1. Since any number multiplied by 1 is itself, the expression simplifies to just y. Therefore, the 1 is not needed, and the simplified expression is y.
- **13** The expressions 5abc and -9acb are like terms because they have the same variables (*a*, *b*, and *c*), and each variable is raised to the same power (1). The order of multiplication does not matter, so abc is equivalent to acb. Since they have the same variables raised to the same power, they are like terms.

14 To show that 6x + 2x - x = 7x, we can test the equality for different values of x:

7x = 6(5) + 2(5) - 5	Substitute $x = 5$ into the expression
= 30 + 10 - 5	Perform the multiplication
= 35	Perform the addition and subtraction
7(5) = 35	Check if the result is equal to $7x$ when $x = 5$

We can repeat this process for other values of x, such as x = 100 and x = 0.5, and find that the equality holds true for these values as well. Therefore, we can conclude that 6x + 2x - x = 7x.

15

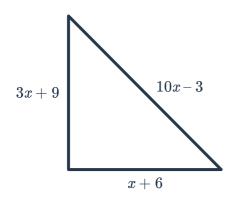
a Simplify the following:

- i To simplify 5x + 5x + 5x, we can add the coefficients of the like terms, which are all x terms. There are three 5x terms, so the simplified expression is 15x.
- ii To simplify 4p + 4p + 4p + 4p + 4p, we can add the coefficients of the like terms, which are all *p* terms. There are five 4p terms, so the simplified expression is 20p.
- iii To simplify -3c 3c 3c 3c, we can add the coefficients of the like terms, which are all *c* terms. There are four -3c terms, so the simplified expression is -12c.
- iv To simplify 0.5k + 0.5k + 0.5k, we can add the coefficients of the like terms, which are all k terms. There are three 0.5k terms, so the simplified expression is 1.5k.
- **b** To calculate the answer to  $7 \times 5m$ , we can multiply the coefficient of the *m* term, which is 5, by the number 7. This gives us 35m as the simplified expression.

# **Problem-solving**

- 16
- a To complete the statement 2x + []] = 8x, we need to find the missing term that makes the equation true. Since there are 2x on the left side and 8x on the right side, the missing term should be 6x. So, the completed statement is 2x + 6x = 8x.
- **b** To complete the statement 3y + 3 + []] + 5 = 8y + 8, we need to find the missing term that makes the equation true. Since there are 3y on the left side and 8y on the right side, the missing term should be 5y. So, the completed statement is 3y + 3 + 5y + 5 = 8y + 8.
- **c** To complete the statement 7x 5x + 10 [...] = 2x + 1, we need to find the missing term that makes the equation true. Since there are 7x 5x = 2x on the left side and 2x on the right side, the missing term should be 9. So, the completed statement is 7x 5x + 10 9 = 2x + 1.
- **d** To complete the statement 9x + 4y + []] = 9x + 6y, we need to find the missing term that makes the equation true. Since there are 4y on the left side and 6y on the right side, the missing term should be 2y. So, the completed statement is 9x + 4y + 2y = 9x + 6y.
- e To complete the statement 7x + [...] + 10y [...] = 11x + 6y, we need to find the missing terms that make the equation true. Since there are 7x on the left side and 11x on the right side, the first missing term should be 4x. Since there are 10y on the left side and 6y on the right side, the second missing term should be 4y. So, the completed statement is 7x + 4x + 10y 4y = 11x + 6y.
- **f** To complete the statement 8ab + [...] + 9b + 6ab = [...] + 11b, we need to find the missing terms that make the equation true. Since there are 8ab + 6ab = 14ab on the left side, the first missing term should be 14ab. Since there are 9b on the left side and 11b on the right side, the second missing term should be 2b. So, the completed statement is 8ab + 2b + 9b + 6ab = 14ab + 11b.





- a To write an expression for the perimeter of the triangle in terms of x, we need to add the side lengths of the triangle. So, the expression is 3x + 9 + 10x - 3 + x + 6.
- **b** To simplify the expression, we need to combine like terms. So, the simplified expression is 14x + 12.

**18** Each side of a square is 3a metres in length. To calculate the distance around the outside of the square, we need to add the lengths of all four sides. Since each side is 3a, the total distance around the square is 3a + 3a + 3a + 3a, which simplifies to 12a metres.

**19** A library has a courtyard in the shape of an equilateral triangle with sides of length 5y metres. To calculate the distance around the outside of the courtyard, we need to add the lengths of all three sides. Since each side is 5y, the total distance around the courtyard is 5y + 5y + 5y, which simplifies to 15y metres.

### 20

- a To write an expression for the number of calories Sam burns in one day, we need to multiply the number of minutes Sam exercises by the number of calories burned per minute. So, the expression is 8x.
- **b** To write an expression for the number of calories Max burns in one day, we need to multiply the number of minutes Max exercises by the number of calories burned per minute. So, the expression is 10x.
- **c** To write a simplified expression for the total number of calories Sam and Max burn in one day, we need to add the expressions for the number of calories each of them burns. So, the expression is 8x + 10x, which simplifies to 18x.

#### 21

- a To write an expression for the amount Ali earns in one day, we need to multiply the number of hours Ali works by the hourly wage. So, the expression is 15h.
- **b** To write an expression for the amount Ben earns in one day, we need to multiply the number of hours Ben works by the hourly wage. So, the expression is 20h.
- **c** To write an expression for the amount Mohammed earns in one day, we need to multiply the number of hours Mohammed works by the hourly wage. So, the expression is 35*h*.
- **d** To write a simplified expression for the total amount the three employees earn in one day, we need to add the expressions for the amount each of them earns. So, the expression is 15h + 20h + 35h, which simplifies to \$70h.
- e If they work 8 hours in one day, we need to substitute the value of h in the expression \$70h. So, the total amount they earn is \$70(8), which simplifies to \$560.

- 22
  - a To write an expression for the number of hours Sarah spends reading in one day, we need to divide the number of pages Sarah reads by the number of pages per hour. So, the expression is  $\frac{n}{15}$ .
  - **b** To write an expression for the number of hours Emily spends reading in one day, we need to divide the number of pages Emily reads by the number of pages per hour. So, the expression is  $\frac{n}{20}$ .
  - **c** To write a simplified expression for the total number of hours Sarah and Emily spend reading in one day, we need to add the expressions for the number of hours each of them spends reading. So, the expression is  $\frac{n}{15} + \frac{n}{20}$ , which simplifies to  $\frac{7n}{60}$ .
  - d If they read a total of 120 pages, we need to substitute the value of n in the expression  $\frac{7n}{60}$ . So, the total number of hours they spend reading is  $\frac{7(120)}{60}$ , which simplifies to 14 hours.

